**Financial Statements** 

Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Index to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Financial Position	3
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	4
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7 - 12



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of The Gateway Student Journalism Society

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Gateway Student Journalism Society (the organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022, and the statements of revenues and expenditures, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at June 30, 2022, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO)

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Material Uncertainty Relating to Going Concern

We draw your attention to Note 3 in the financial statements, which discloses that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

(continues)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Gateway Student Journalism Society (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Edmonton, Alberta March 15, 2023 YATES WHITAKER LLP CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Yates Whitaken LLP

# Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2022

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash	\$ 267,109	\$ 83,228
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	9,981	257,803
Goods and services tax recoverable	1,577	875
Prepaid expenses	 3,279	1,100
	281,946	343,006
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 5)	3,693	8,521
LONG TERM INVESTMENTS (Note 6)	 15,505	15,064
	\$ 301,144	\$ 366,591
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Accounts payable	\$ 23,639	\$ 129,774
Employee deductions payable	733	468
Current portion of obligations under capital lease	 _	432
	 24,372	130,674
NET ASSETS		
General fund	273,079	227,828
Invested in capital assets	 3,693	8,089
	 276,772	 235,917
	\$ 301,144	\$ 366,591

Director
Director

# Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget 2022	Total 2022	Total 2021
REVENUES			
Student fees	\$ 120,871	\$ 130,987	\$ 243,737
Grant income	_	32,727	59,360
Interest	300	443	400
Advertising	7,000	-	8,039
Fundraising	 5,000	-	2,120
	 133,171	164,157	313,656
EXPENSES			
Wages and benefits	74,661	73,743	143,400
Professional fees	12,700	12,110	12,710
Rental	10,618	10,881	10,839
Insurance	10,000	7,919	8,250
Office	1,062	4,712	4,727
General operating	2,000	4,150	3,912
Outreach and marketing	1,000	1,631	3,554
Equipment and infrastructure	2,199	1,611	5,150
Amortization	_	1,491	4,486
Printing	-	856	15,753
Bad debts	-	750	-
Fees	400	741	2,592
Volunteer appreciation	 250	-	-
	 114,890	120,595	215,373
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS	 18,281	43,562	98,283
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)			
Government assistance (Note 8)	_	_	24,606
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	 -	(2,707)	3,243
	 _	(2,707)	27,849
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ 18,281	\$ 40,855	\$ 126,132

## Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Invested in Capital Assets	2022	2021
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEA: \$ Excess of revenues over expenses Interfund transfer	227,828 45,053 198	\$ 8,089 \$ (4,198) (198)	235,917 \$ 40,855	109,785 126,132
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR \$	273,079	\$ 3,693 \$	276,772 \$	235,917

## Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022	2021
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 40,85	55 \$ 126,132
Items not affecting cash:		
Amortization of capital assets	1,49	,
Loss (gain) on disposal of capital assets	2,70	07 (3,243)
	45,05	53 127,375
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	247,82	22 (204,990)
Goods and services tax payable	`	(389)
Prepaid expenses	(2,1)	/
Accounts payable	(106,13	, , , , ,
Employee deductions payable	26	65 (876)
	139,07	71 (289,002)
Cash flow from (used by) operating activities	184,12	24 (161,627)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets	-	(5,552)
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	63	3,297
Long term investments	(44	
Cash flow from (used by) investing activities	18	89 (2,655)
FINANCING ACTIVITY		
Repayment of obligations under capital lease	(43	32) (5,179)
Cash flow used by financing activity	(43	32) (5,179)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW	183,88	(169,461)
Cash - beginning of year	83,22	28 252,689
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 267,10	09 \$ 83,228

## Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Gateway Student Journalism Society (the "Society") is a not-for-profit organization incorporated provincially under the Societies Act of Alberta. Management has determined that they are exempt from payment of income tax under Section 149(1) of the Income Tax Act.

The Society's purposes are to:

- 1. To sponsor the advancement of the education of University of Alberta students through the various practices of journalism and the publication of Gateway, the student newspaper.
- 2. To provide a fair, reliable, clear source of information, focused mainly, but not exclusively, on issues which directly affect students, whether they are local, national or international.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNFPO).

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash and cash equivalents. Cash is defined by the Society as funds on deposit with Canadian financial institutions.

#### **Investments**

Investments, which consist primarily of Guaranteed Investment Certificates, are carried at cost. Those with a maturity date greater than twelve months are shown as long term investments, while those with maturity dates of less than twelve months are shown as short term investments.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization and are amortized over their estimated useful lives on a declining balance basis at the following rates:

Equipment 20% Computer equipment 30% and 55% Computer software 100%

The Society regularly reviews its capital assets to eliminate obsolete items.

Capital assets acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

(continues)

## Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Leases

Leases are classified as either capital or operating leases. At the time the organization enters into a capital lease, an asset is recorded with its related long-term obligation to reflect the acquisition and financing. Rental payments under operating leases are expensed as incurred.

#### Impairment of Long Lived Assets

The organization tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to the projected future net cash flows the long-lived assets are expected to generate through their direct use and eventual disposition. When a test for impairment indicates that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent the carrying value exceeds its fair value.

#### Net assets

- a) Net assets invested in capital assets represents the Society's net investment in capital assets which is comprised of the unamortized amount of capital assets purchased with restricted funds.
- b) Unrestricted net assets comprise the excess of revenue over expenses accumulated by the Society each year, net of transfers, and are available for general purposes.

#### Revenue recognition

The Gateway Student Journalism Society follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Revenue from advertising sales is recognized at the time the advertisement is first ran. Revenues from student fees is recognized over the course of the academic term to which the fees relate. Interest income is recognized when earned.

#### Fund accounting

The Gateway Student Journalism Society follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Revenues and expenses related to program delivery and administrative activities are reported in the General Fund.

The Invested in Capital Assets Fund reports the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses related to The Gateway Student Journalism Society's capital assets.

#### Government assistance

(continues)

## Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government assistance is recorded when there is a reasonable assurance that the Society had complied with, and will continue to comply with, all the necessary conditions to obtain the grant or subsidy. Government assistance for current year expenses is recorded as other revenue.

#### Contributed services

The operations of the Society depend on both the contribution of time by volunteers and donated materials from various sources. The fair value of donated materials and services cannot be reasonably determined and are therefore not reflected in these financial statements.

#### Non-monetary transactions

In the normal course of operations, the Society enters into non-monetary transactions under which suppliers provide goods and services in exchange for advertising space in the Society's publications. These goods and services, which otherwise would be paid for in cash, are accounted for at the more reliably measured of the fair value of the advertising services provided or the fair value of goods and services received.

#### **Budget** amounts

The budget amounts presented on the statements of operations and accumulated surplus and changes in net assets are taken from the Society's annual budget prepared in August 2021. Certain budget amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's financial statement preparation.

#### Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Financial instruments policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealised gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

## Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 3. GOING CONCERN

The Society received approximately 80% (2021 - 77%) of its funding from the University of Alberta Students' Union in the form of Student Fees. As of January 1, 2022 the Society no longer receives funding from the University of Alberta Students' Union. Management is working on finding funds to replace this revenue and restructure operations accordingly.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Society will continue as a going concern. The Society's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to continue profitable operations and generate new funds therefrom, and to continue to obtain sufficient funds to meet current and future obligations and/or restructure the existing debt and payables. These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments or reclassification of assets and liabilities, which would be necessary if the company were unable to continue its operations.

#### 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2022		2021		
Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy (CEWS) Receivable Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy (CERS) Receivable Students' union Insurance proceeds receivable Accounts receivable	\$	8,432 1,549 - -	\$ 8,432 1,549 243,737 3,297 788		
	\$	9,981	\$ 257,803		

## Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

5.	CAPITAL ASSETS								
							2022		2021
					cumulated	N	let book		Net book
			Cost	ar	nortization		value		value
	Equipment	\$	8,195	\$	5,319	\$	2,876	\$	3,761
	Computer equipment		61,594		60,777		817		4,760
	Computer software		14,794		14,794		_		
		\$	84,583	\$	80,890	\$	3,693	\$	8,521
	The following assets included above	e are	held under	capi	tal lease :				
							2022		2021
				Α	ccumulated	N	let book		Net book
			Cost	a	mortization		value		value
	Computer lease repaid during the								
	year	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	2,281
	·								ĺ
6.	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS								
0.	EGITO TERMINITATION DE LA CONTRACTOR DE						2022		2021
	Guaranteed Investment Certificate bearing interest at 2.70% per year		turing in Ju	ine 2	2023,	\$	11,098	\$	10,782
	Guaranteed Investment Certificate		uring on M	av 2	2023.	Ψ	11,090	Φ	10,762
	bearing interest at 2.70% per year			,		4,407		4,282	
						\$	15,505	\$	15,064

#### 7. LEASE COMMITMENT

The Society is under an operating lease for office space and administrative fees which expires on August 31, 2022. Under the terms of the agreement, the Society will pay \$883 per month for rent, utilities and custodial services as well as \$80 per month for administrative fees.

Contractual obligation repayment schedule:

<u>\$ 1,926</u>

## Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

8.	GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE		
		 2022	 2021
	Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ 23,057 1,549
		\$ _	\$ 24,606

#### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the organization's risk exposure and concentration as of June 30, 2022.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The organization is exposed to credit risk from customers. In order to reduce its credit risk, the organization reviews a new customer's credit history before extending credit and conducts regular reviews of its existing customers' credit performance. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information. The organization has a significant number of customers which minimizes concentration of credit risk.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from its customers and other related sources, long term debt, obligations under capital leases, and accounts payable.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the organization manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The organization is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its floating interest rate bank indebtedness and credit facilities.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the organization is not exposed to significant other price risks arising from these financial instruments.

#### 10. BUDGET

The 2022 operating budget was approved by the board of directors in August 2021. The budget figures have been provided for information purposes only and have not been audited or reviewed.